# Help! My Teams Are Agile But My Execs Are Waterfall





### SHOW ME THE GANTT CHART!

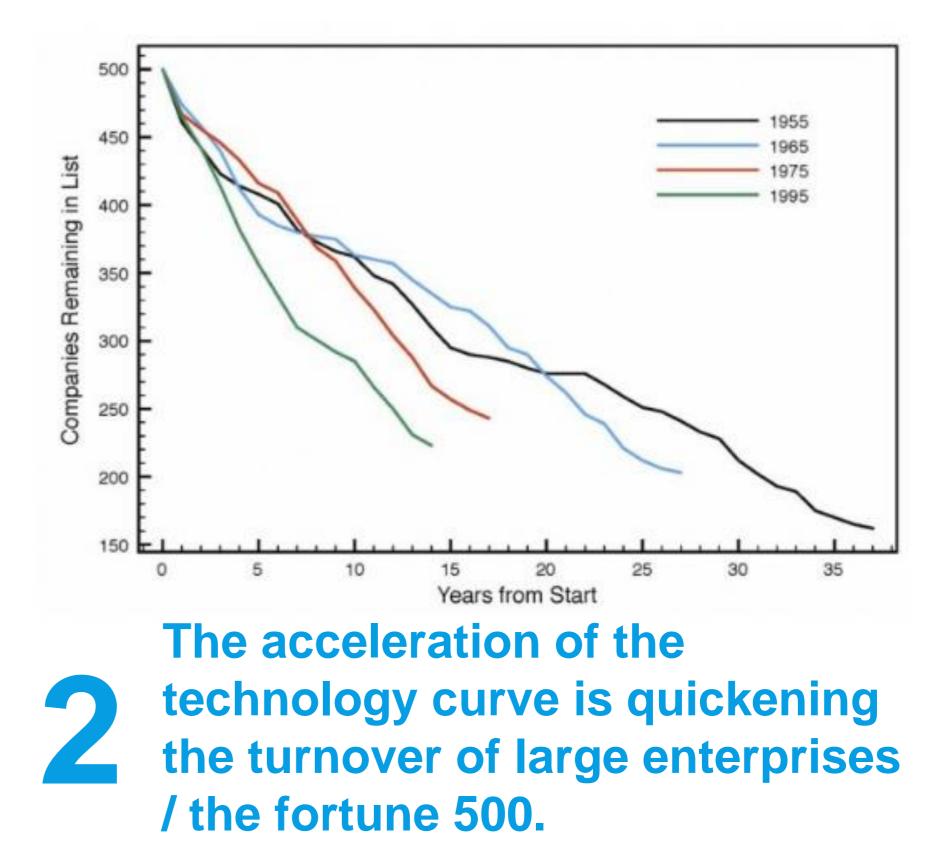


#### IT'S TRULY ABOUT SURVIVAL THE GAME IS RAPIDLY CHANGING





Increasingly software is highly strategic and has a major impact on outcomes regardless of the vertical / industry in question



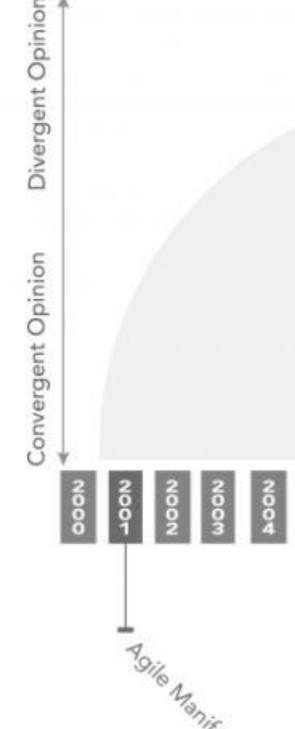




1<sup>st</sup> Generation - (approx. 1994 – 2002) searched for and found a different way of building solutions focused on small teams of developers.

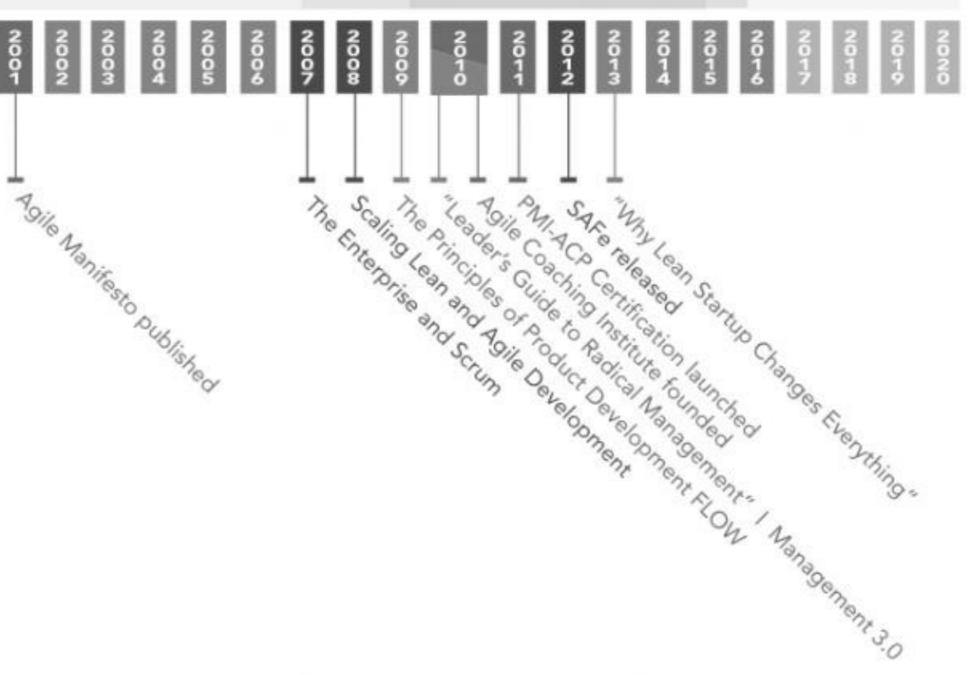
2<sup>nd</sup> Generation – (approx. 2002 – 2010) realized requirements & testing must be agile as well to create development flow.

3<sup>rd</sup> Generation – (approx. 2010 – present) builds on development flow and deals with scale, value stream, product lines, portfolios and integration to strategy and the rest of the enterprise.





#### THE BASICS **STATE OF AGILE**



- Agile Teams
- Agile at Scale
- Business Agility

### **MULTIPLE PLANNING & DELIVERY MODES**



## Traditional

Think Marathon Runner Longer Cycle Times Waterfall, V-Model, etc.

Coined by Garter in 2014, bimodal development refers to the existence of both agile and waterfall style development processes co-existing in the same IT organization.

This typically necessitates separate tools and processes for each mode.





Agile, Lean, Kanban, etc.



### THE FOUR STAGES OF BIMODAL EVOLUTION





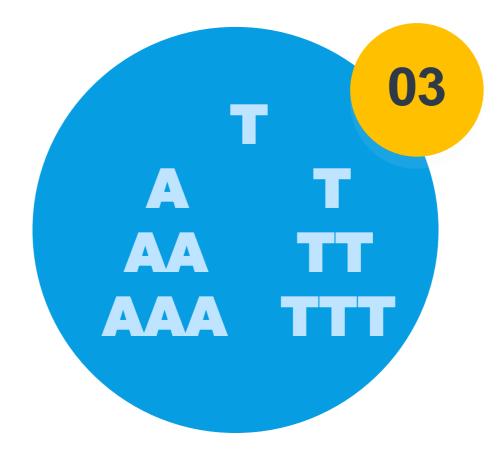
#### **Most Common**

Most common scenario is some teams are agile and some traditional but portfolio management is traditional.

**Team Agile w/ Traditional PMO** 

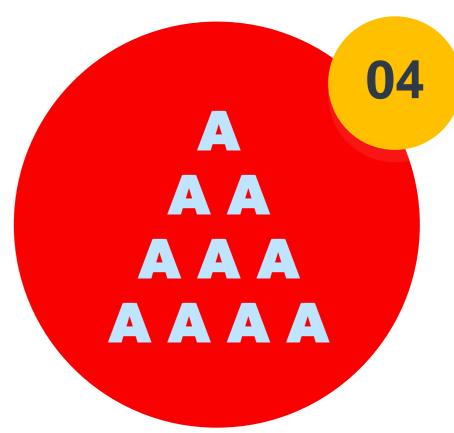
For some, the portfolios are managed in a traditional fashion but all teams are agile.





#### **Gartner Bimodal**

Gartner recommends that organizations bucket projects based on best fit.



#### **Top-to-Bottom Agile**

Many organizations aspire to achieve true topto-bottom enterprise agility





















### In A Bimodal Enterprise Two Mindsets Need to Coexist – Not Collide





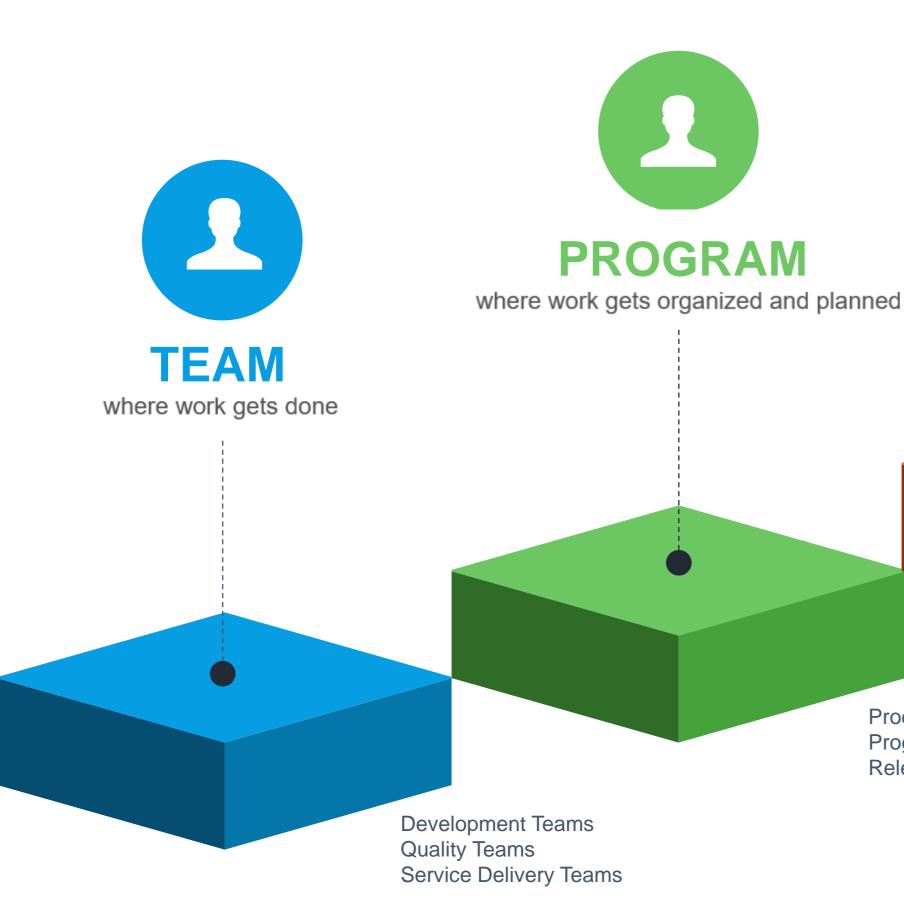
Planning Budgeting Dependency Mgmt. Progress Reporting Governance Improving





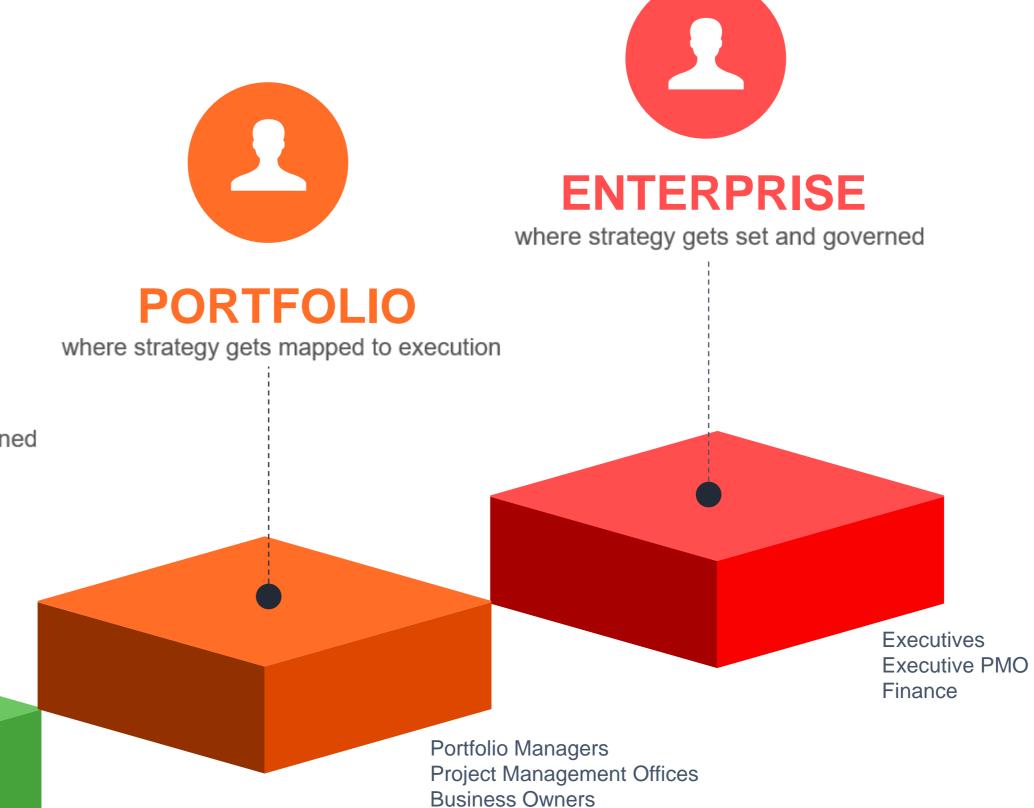






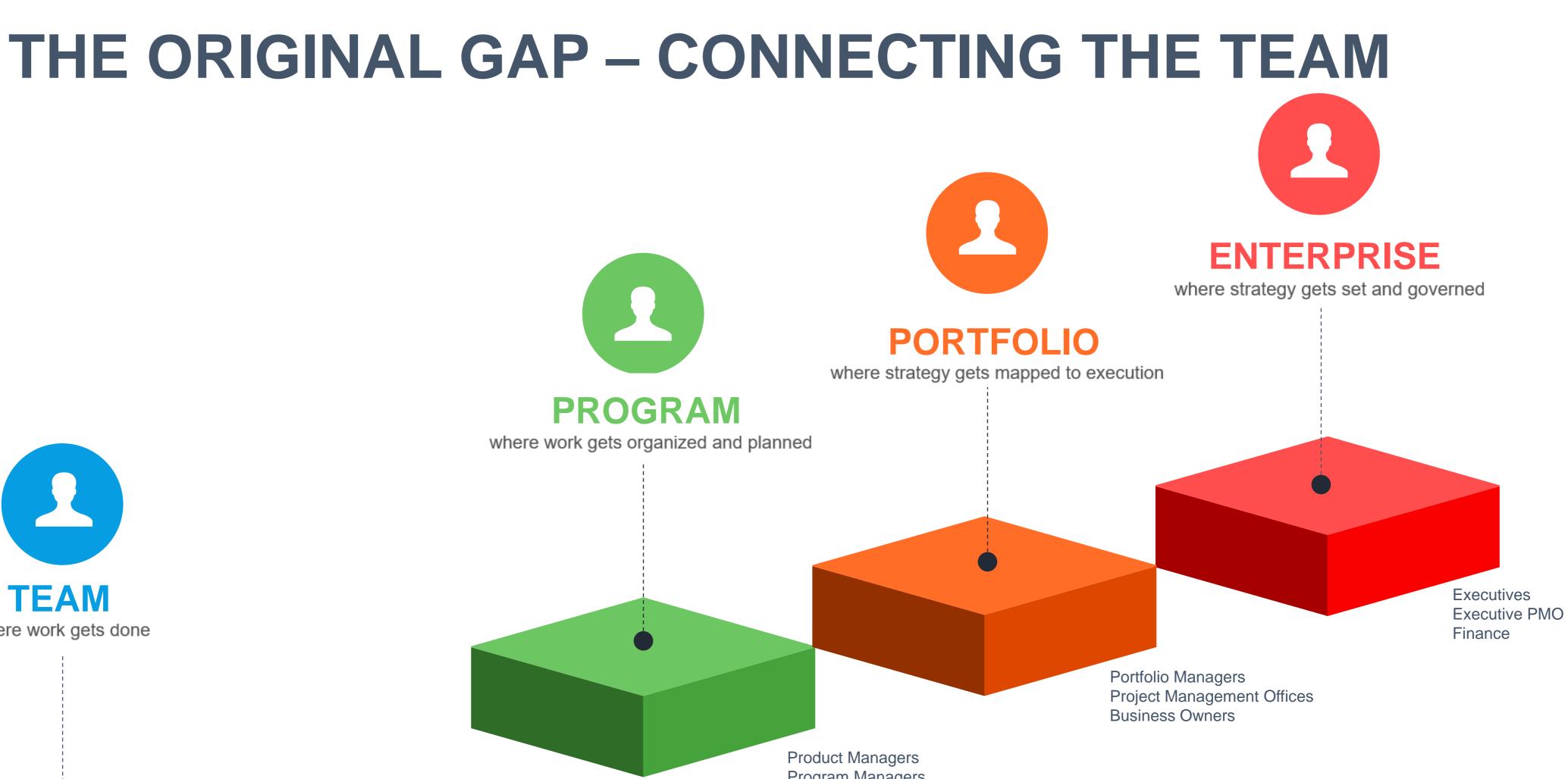


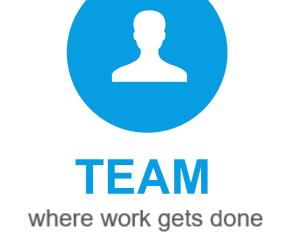


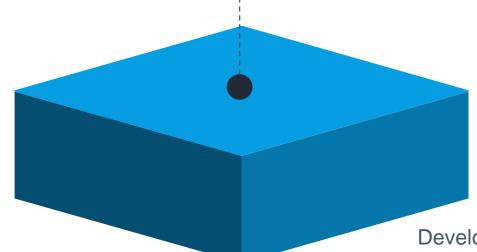


Product Managers Program Managers Release Train Engineers









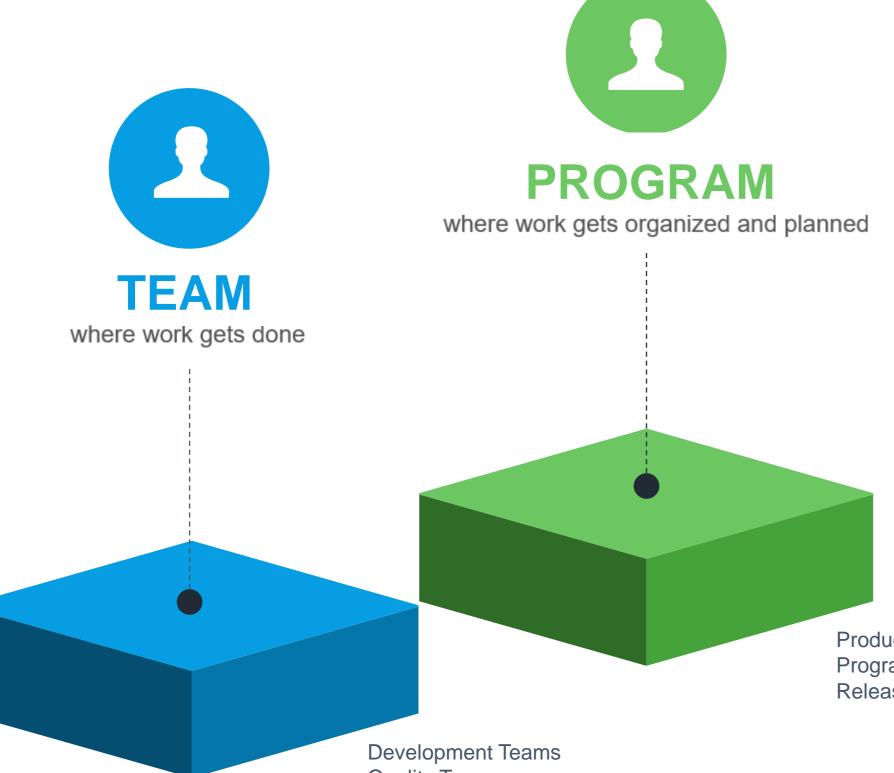




**Program Managers** Release Train Engineers



### THE BIMODAL GAP





Development Teams Quality Teams Service Delivery Teams Product Managers Program Managers Release Train Engineers





where strategy gets set and governed

PORTFOLIO

where strategy gets mapped to execution

Executives Executive PMO Finance Portfolio Managers Project Management Offices Business Owners



### Why Many Organizations Embrace Bimodal

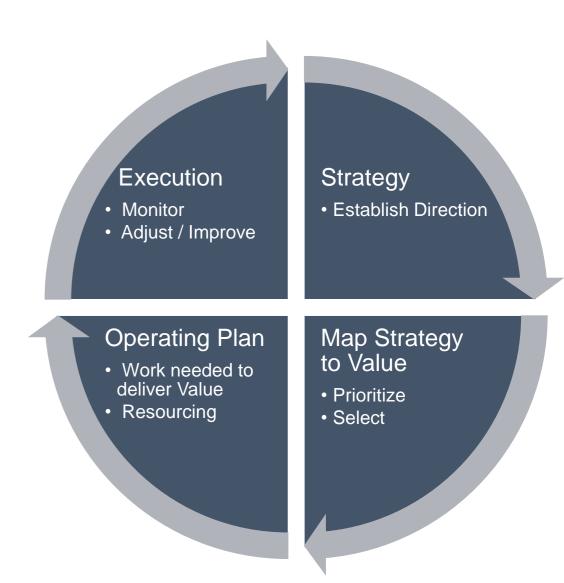




#### De-risk Agile Transformations

#### Optimize Software Delivery





# Full Alignment and Visibility



# A Common Action Every Bimodal Organization Needs to Take Before Addressing These Challenges



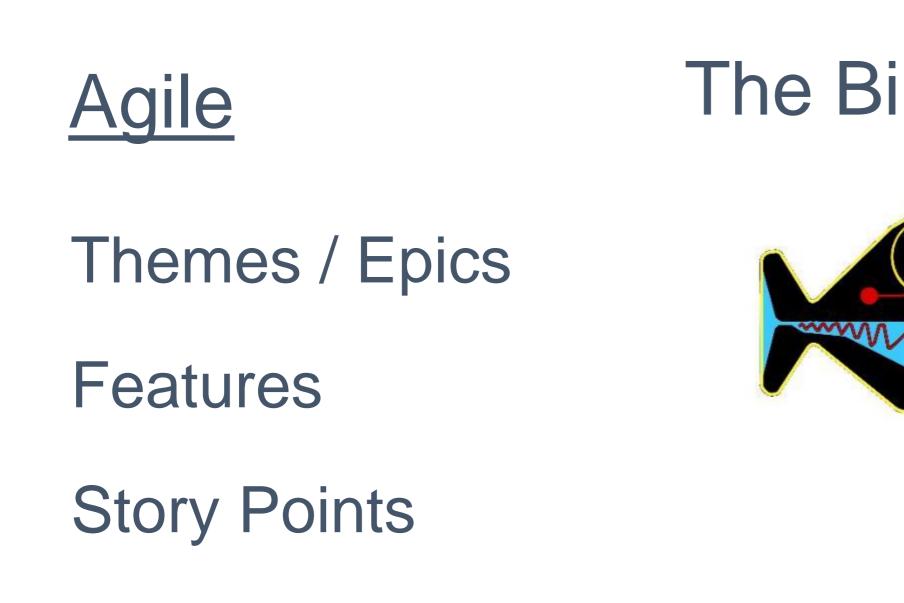




### **Translating / Converting Traditional & Agile Terms**



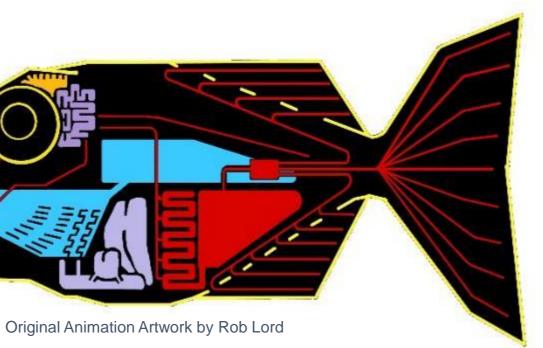






### **Productive Capacity**

### The Bimodal Babel Fish



### Traditional

Time

**Projects / Programs** 

Requirements

Person-weeks





### **Key Challenges Faced by Bimodal Organizations**

- Plan: Translating waterfall-style strategic portfolio planning cycles into Agile execution
- Resource: Resourcing waterfall "projects" into an agile delivery organization
- Manage: Effectively Managing Dependencies
- Report: Reporting progress on funded projects when agile teams report progress in story points





### Six Steps to Effective Bimodal Execution

- 1. Define the project intake process
- 2. Establish the strategic planning increment
- 3. Begin Shifting Thinking on Resourcing and Capacity Planning
- 4. Take dependencies and risks into account
- 5. Map the project intake process to your agile epic backlog
- 6. Report Back to Executives on Agile Progress

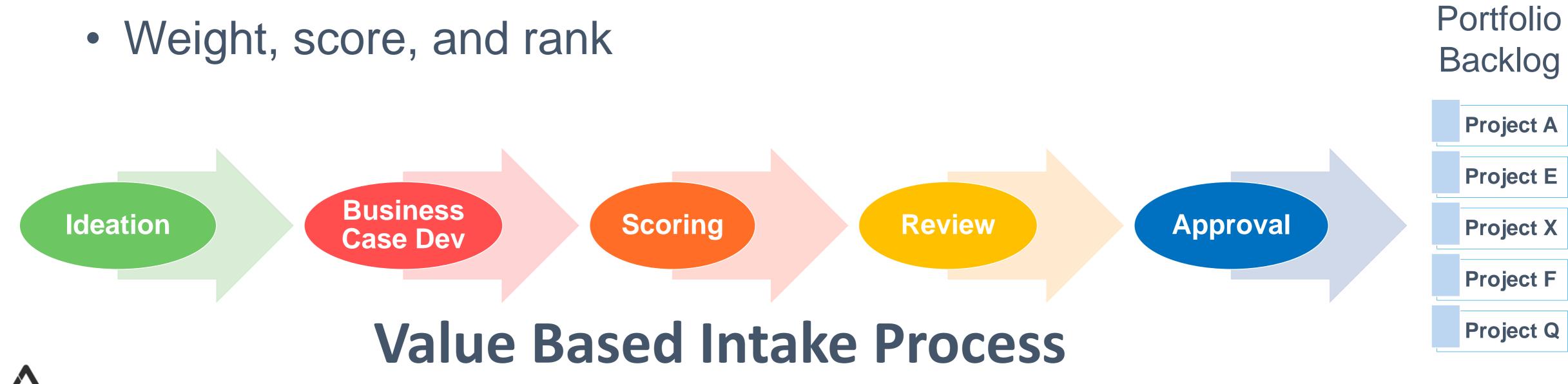




### **1. Define the project intake process**

- Business case driven, projects are funded through stage gate approach
- Cost side: Includes time to completion, costs, resources, dependencies, etc...

AgileCraft





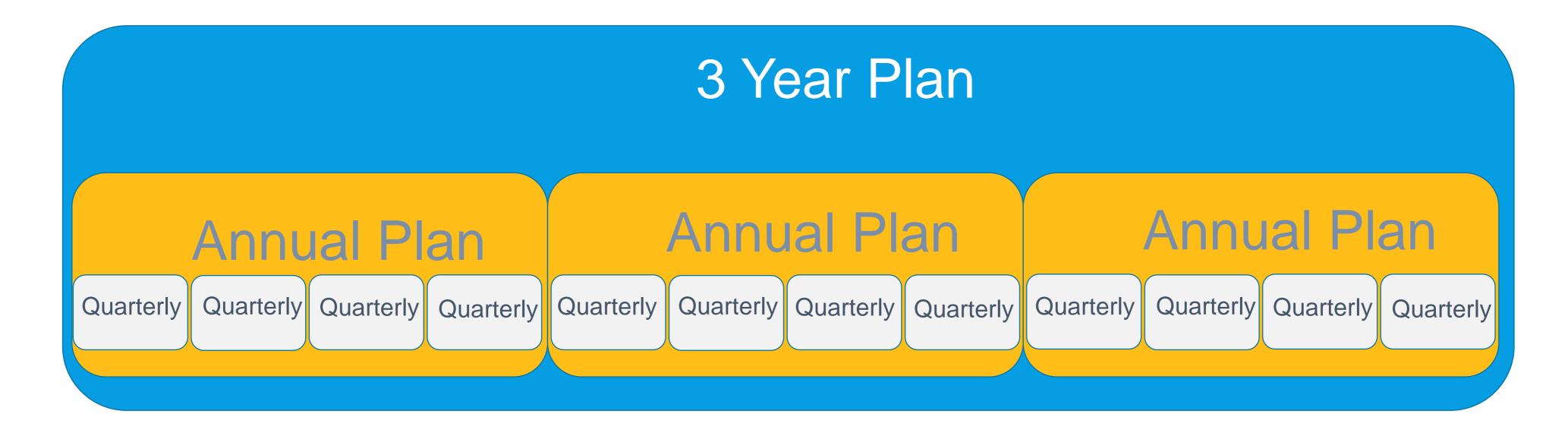
Demand side: Includes revenue projections, positioning, NPV analysis,





### 2. Establish the strategic planning increment

- Align to the way the business currently operates
- 3-5 year plan / annual cycles / quarterly updates
- Make the most granular level of acceptable cadence your "Planning Increment"







### 3. Begin Shifting Thinking on Resourcing and Capacity Planning

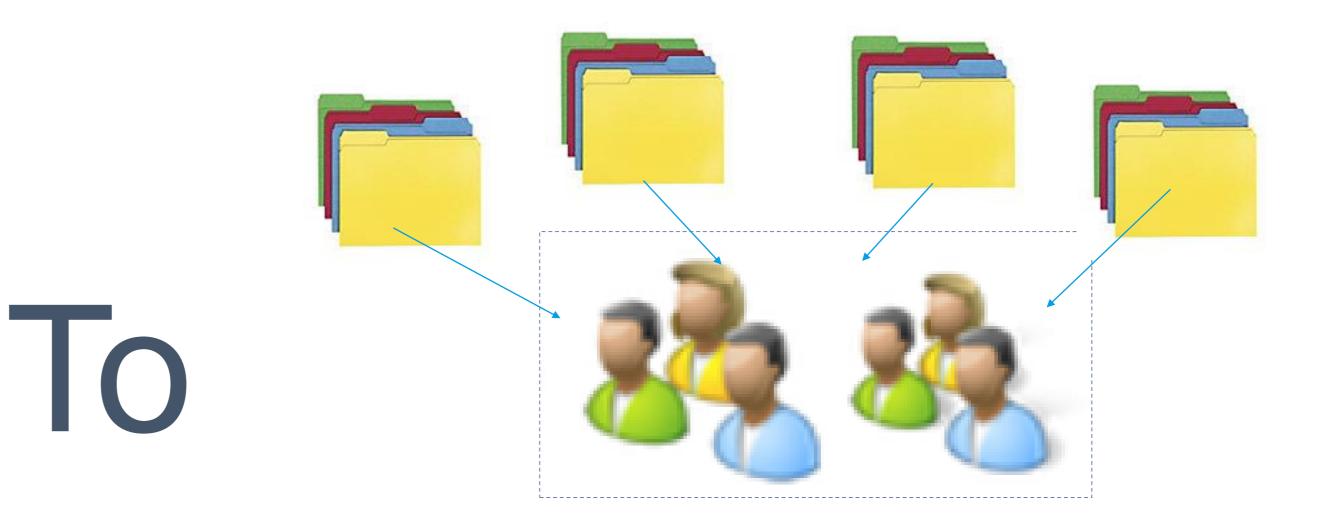
## **Traditional Project Team**



### Bring The People To The Work "The Individual is the productive resourcing unit"



### Agile Team



### Bring The Work To The People "The Team is the productive resourcing unit"



### **Facilitate Resourcing and Project Selection**

- Define your Agile Teams "allocate" resources to those teams Define who's available for "waterfall allocation"
- Define their skills
- Blend your projects
  - Breakdown work and assign as much as possible to agile teams
  - Indicate on the epic (e.g. project) intake form what additional skills are required to staff the project above and beyond what the team will do
  - Assign additional resources to the "project" as needed based on availability



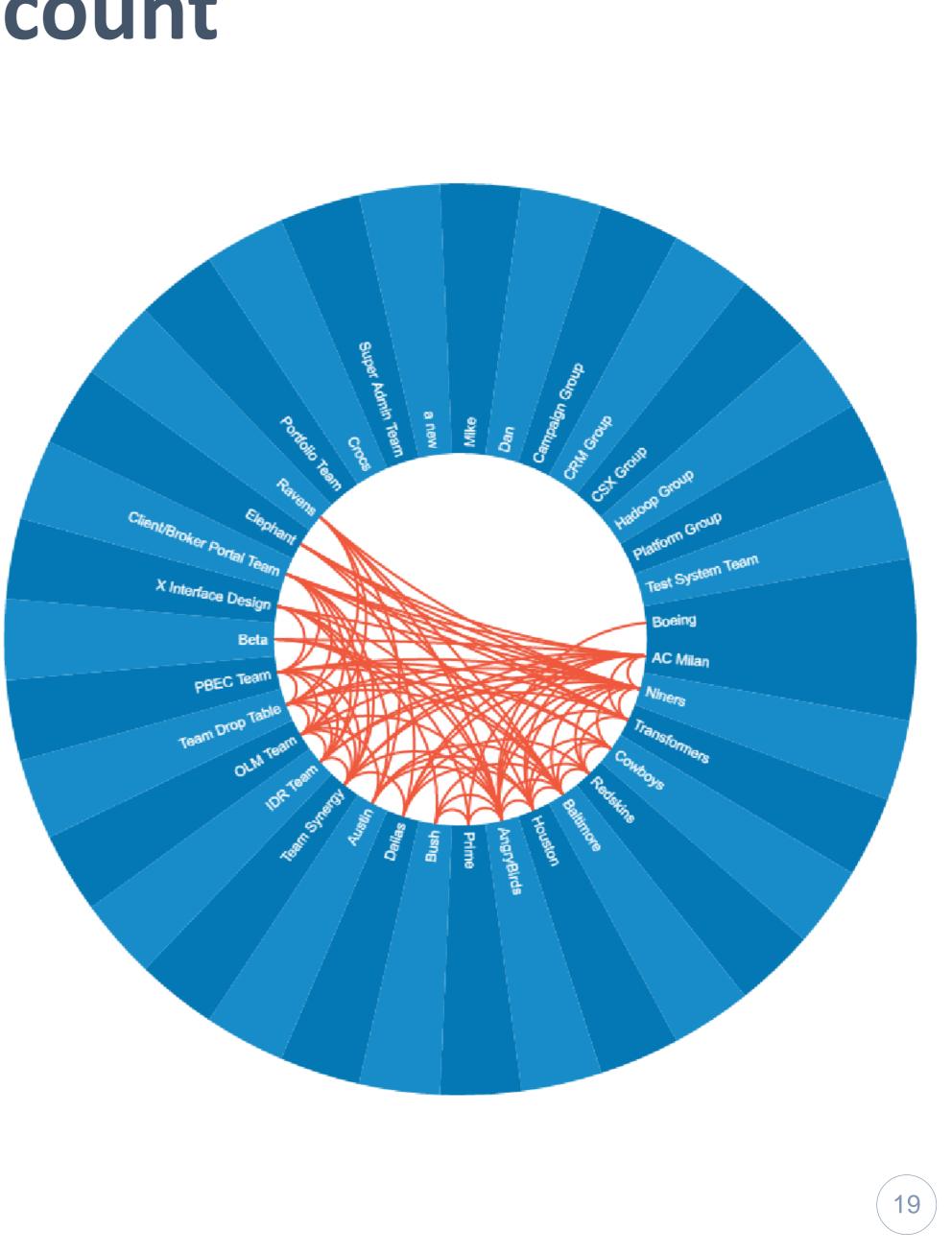




### 4. Take dependencies and risks into account

- Practice Dependency Management not Dependency Failure Management
- Map dependencies between teams and work items –note differences in time targeting – Translation needed
- Tie dependencies to the value at risk if they are not fulfilled
- Use Dependencies to visualize complexity in your projects and weakness in your architecture





### 5. Map the project intake process to your agile epic backlog

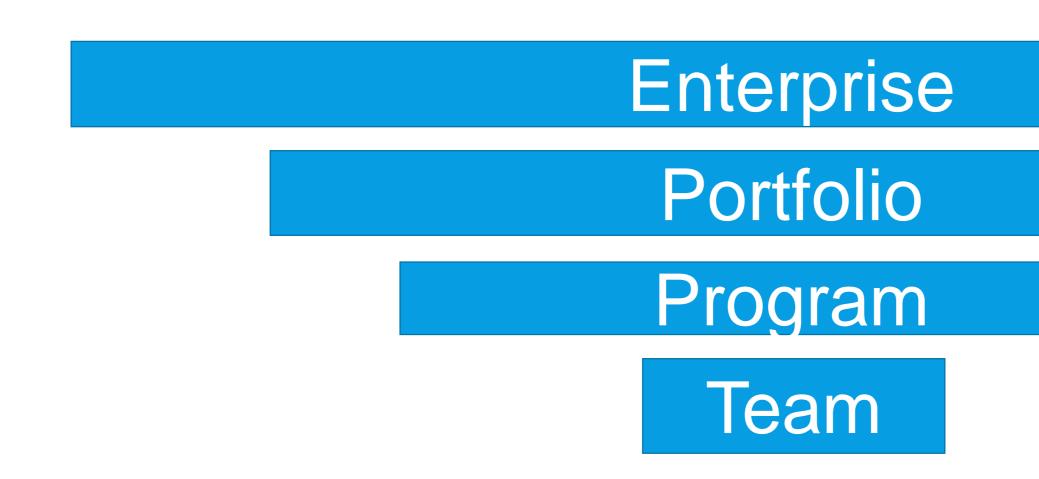
- Treat each traditional "project" as an agile epic
- Assign each epic to the right program
- Let the team break-down work to features, stories and tasks



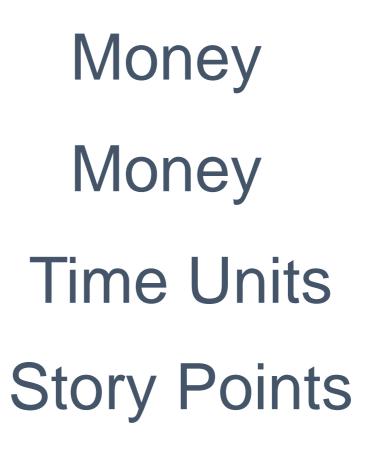


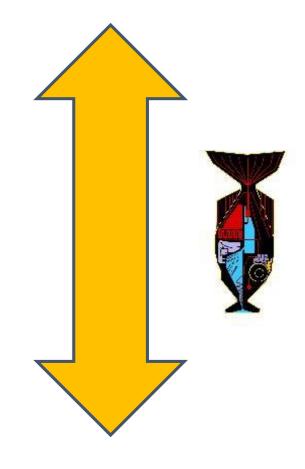
## 6. Report Back to Executives on Agile Progress

- Translate story points to financial progress
  - Impute cost of a story point based on team velocity and cost center
- Track capitalization based on task hours or story points
- Report on progress based on % of stories, features and epics complete
  - Epics and Features great from the beginning value oriented
  - Stories better toward the end of a release











### **3** Secrets to Bimodal Execution

- Work:
  - An epic is a project / a project is an epic
  - Think of epics, features, and stories as 3 levels of waterfall planning
- Money:
  - Translate story points into financial metrics using velocity and cost centers
- Time:
  - Align to the organizations current strategic planning process







22

## Thank You!

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